

SMALL AND LARGE INTESTINE DIVERTICULITIS WITH PERFORATION AND FISTULIZATION PRESENTING AS ACUTE GROIN, LOW BACK AND HIP PAIN TO SPINE ORTHOPEDIC CLINIC. A CASE REPORT.

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CASE DIAGNOSIS

- 66-year-old male presenting with acute, progressive right groin/back/hip pain found to be perforated diverticulitis.

SETTING

- Outpatient orthopedic clinic at Academic Medical Center

CASE DESCRIPTION

- Our patient had a medical/surgical history most notable for DMII and osteoarthritis and chronic back pain with previous posterior lumbar and cervical spinal fusions.
- He presented as a self-referral with two weeks of right groin, hip and low back pain without inciting event or injury.
- While in the process of moving two weeks prior to presentation, the patient began to notice his now worsened symptoms.
- His pain, at the time of clinic visit, was 9/10, constant, sharp, located in the groin with radiation to his hip and back.
- Movement and functionality were significantly limited secondary to pain, however, no gross neurologic deficits were reported.
- He noted a groin mass with associated swelling, erythema down his inner thigh to his knee.
- Standing and coughing worsened pain without relief provided by NSAIDs.
- Review of systems was negative other than subjective chills, mild diarrhea over the past few days.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

- Physical exam noted non-reducible right anterior inguinal mass and a palpable cord the anterior thigh, tender and worsened with range of motion. No gross neurologic deficits were present but strength testing was limited by pain.

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Figure 1-3: CT Abdomen/Pelvis (axial/coronal/sagittal) sigmoid diverticulitis with abscess (arrow) in right lower quadrant in communication with sigmoid colon

DISCUSSION

- Although exceedingly uncommon, there have been case reports of perforated diverticular disease presenting with hip pain.¹⁻⁴
- Diverticulitis, with subsequent abscess formation and fistulization, presenting with groin/hip/back pain can seem consistent with multiple musculoskeletal diagnosis.
- Raising awareness, knowing these cases have presented in orthopedic clinics is the only way to diagnose or at least, properly triage these patients.
- Gathering an encompassing review of systems for “red flag” symptoms can help point to non-musculoskeletal diagnosis.
 - Knowingly, utilizing this tool alone for diagnosis may not be sufficient as, in the absence of red flag symptoms, studies have shown there was no meaningful decrease in red flag diagnosis.⁵
- With this, awareness leading clinical intuition is imperative to timely diagnose and treat these presentations.

CONCLUSIONS

- This case shares a complicated orthopedic presentation of a unique diagnosis, highlighting the importance of maintaining a broad differential diagnosis for seemingly orthopedic presentations.
- Delay of workup and treatment could have led to serious and potentially life-threatening effects.
- Though this case, we hoped to raise awareness, leading to timely diagnosis and treatment,
- Awareness, the utilization of red-flags symptoms, outlying physical exam findings can help triage this serious diagnosis and lead to improved outcomes for this unusual presentation.

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