# **Quality Improvement in Primary Care Provider Follow-up from Acute Rehabilitation**

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#### <u>Introduction</u>

- Acute rehabilitation patients are medically and functionally complex who frequently require primary care physician (PCP) follow-up after discharge
- Discontinuity of care after acute rehabilitation is associated with adverse outcomes through lack of PCP follow-up and/or unavailable discharge summary for PCP review

# **Current State**

- Site: Acute rehabilitation hospital at an academic tertiary care hospital
- Discharge summaries are automatically sent to the PCP if assigned within the electronic medical record (EMR). However, this function is of limited use as many patients do not have a PCP or do not have their PCP updated within the EMR.
- Non-clinical staff that are off-site update the PCP within the EMR when a request by a clinical employee is submitted.

# SMART Goal

85% of patients will be set up with PCP follow-up within 30 days of discharge after two months of quality improvement interventions (April-May 2020)

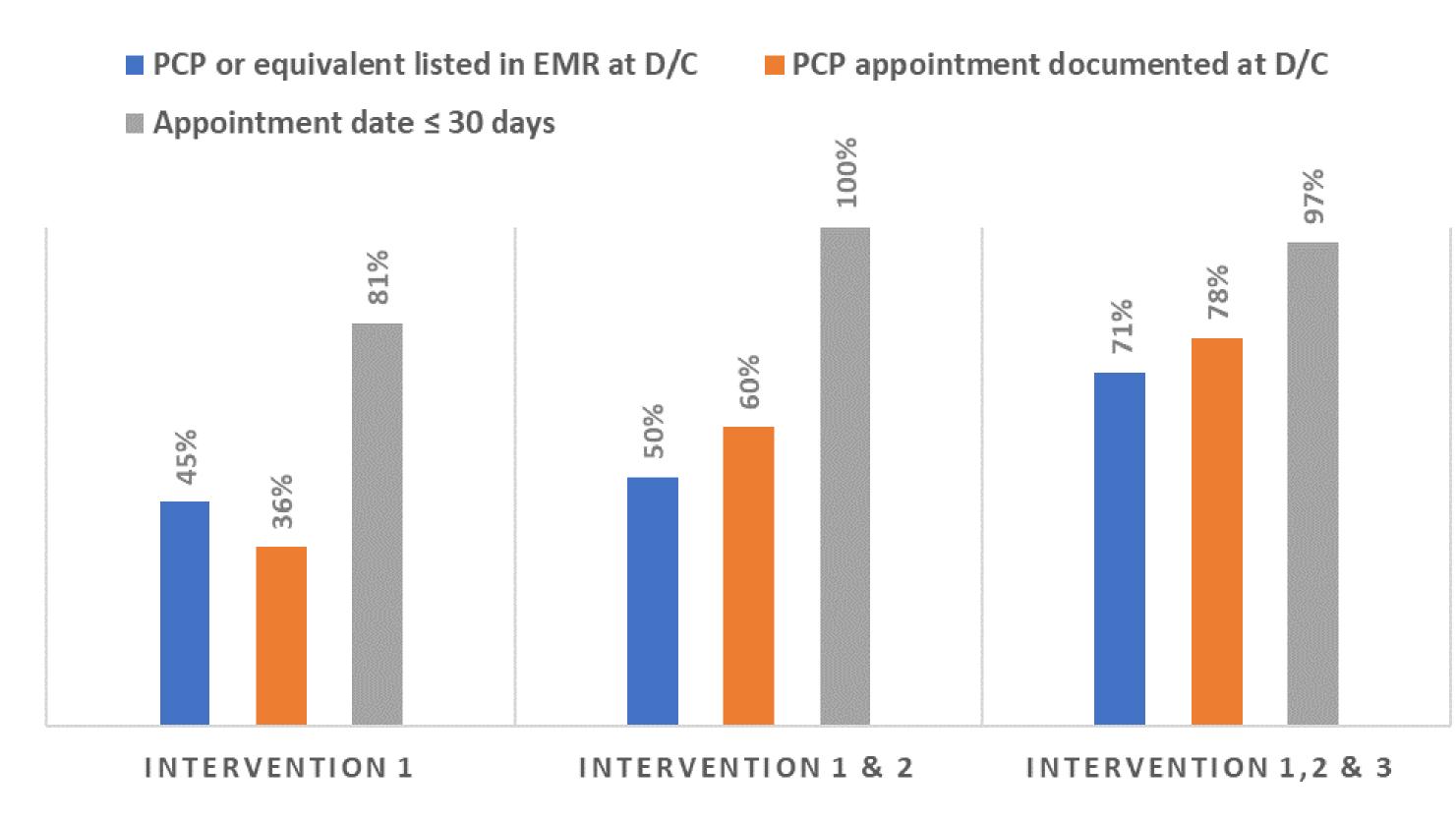
### <u>Interventions</u>

- PM&R nurse liaison documents note within EMR containing patient's current PCP (or lack of PCP) during acute care hospital consultation
- 2. After admission to acute rehabilitation hospital, PM&R team submits EMR correction of PCP if needed. PCP will then receive discharge summary automatically.
- Active effort to enroll patient with PCP during acute rehabilitation hospitalization

#### <u>Measures</u>

- Presence or absence of nurse liaison note documentation
  - Patient documented with or without a PCP
- PCP or equivalent provider updated within EMR at time of discharge from rehabilitation
- PCP or equivalent provider appointment documented in discharge instructions/summary
- Follow-up appointment scheduled within 30 days after discharge
- <u>Assumptions</u>: Equivalent provider considered to be bone marrow transplant, transplant surgery, and left ventricular assistive device
- <u>Exclusions</u>: Acute rehabilitation patients requiring transfer to acute care hospital, incarcerated patients

#### Measured outcome results after intervention implementation



### **Results**

- Baseline data and intervention 1
  - Jan 1 Feb 29, 2020, 44 charts reviewed
- Intervention 1 and 2
  - Mar 30 Apr 29, 2020, 42 charts reviewed
- Intervention 1,2, and 3
  - Apr 30 May 30, 2020, 41 charts reviewed

# **Limitations**

- Single PM&R nurse liaison limited to seeing 70 75% of patients prior to rehabilitation admission
- Time to update PCP within EMR up to 7 days due to COVID-19 pandemic (normally 24 hours)
- Unable to update EMR with out-of-state and Veterans Affairs providers
- Unclear if able to update PCP with specialty providers (e.g. bone marrow transplant)
- Lack of PCP enrollment for patients with short rehabilitation admission

#### **Conclusions**

- Approximately 27% of patients were without PCP prior to acute rehabilitation admission
- Nearly 50% or more of patients discharging to rehabilitation hospital did not have PCP updated within EMR
- After all interventions were implemented for one month, 71% of patients had a PCP listed within the EMR prior to discharge and 78% were scheduled for follow-up within 30 days

