

## Ambulatory Activities of Individuals with Lower Limb Amputation

Glenn K. Klute<sup>1,2</sup> and Bantoon Srisuwan<sup>2,3</sup>



gklute@uw.edu

<sup>1</sup>Department of Veterans Affairs, Seattle, WA

<sup>2</sup>University of Washington, Seattle, WA

<sup>3</sup>Institute of Field Robotics, Bangkok, Thailand

### Objective

Ambulatory individuals walk straight, turn right and left, ascend and descend stairs, and ascend and descend ramps, but the distribution of steps is unknown

### Methods

- A portable instrument to record leg motions was mounted on or inside the prosthesis
- Participants walked a course in a hospital to both train and validate a machine learning algorithm
- Participants were then free to do their usual activities while data was collected over 1-2 days

### Results

97.5% overall classification accuracy of machine learning algorithm

- 82.8% of all steps were straight
- 9.0% were turning
- 3.6% on ramps
- 4.8% on stairs



One of every five steps is other than straight

### Participants

- All provided informed consent
- N=10 male, mass: 86.2±3.6 kg, height: 1.80±0.03 m, age: 48.7±17.0 years, etiology: 8 trauma, 2 diabetes

Activity Classification	Steps (Mean±SD)	Percentage of total steps
Straight	3671 ± 1756	82.8%
Turn right	191 ± 111	4.3%
Turn left	197 ± 97	4.7%
Stair up	97 ± 50	2.3%
Stair down	113 ± 72	2.5%
Ramp up	68 ± 32	1.6%
Ramp down	87 ± 52	2.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>4422 ± 2095</b>	<b>100%</b>
Turn prosthetic leg inside	184 ± 97	4.1%
Turn intact leg inside	203 ± 109	4.8%

### Acknowledgements

- **Department of Defense**, Congressionally Directed Medical Research Programs, Peer Reviewed Orthopaedic Research Program, grant W81XWH-18-1-0559
- **Department of Veterans Affairs**, Rehabilitation Research and Development Service, awards IK6 RX002974 and I50 RX002357
- The contents do not represent the views of the Departments of Defense, Veterans Affairs, or the United States Government